

ELEVENTH SWITCHES.

From a Republican Stronghold to a Position of Doubt.

(Cincinnati Enquirer.)

Chillicothe, Ohio, October 14. From a district of apparently absolute Republican certainty the Eleventh Congressional District this fall has been made one of extreme doubt, and there are many now who believe that it will be close enough to require the official vote to decide the winner. The candidates are Albert Douglas, of Ross County, Republican nominee, and Judge Oliver W. H. Wright, of Hocking County, Democratic nominee.

For the first time, perhaps, in the history of the district a Democrat is making an active campaign, and he personally is very confident. The defeat of Congressman Grosvenor naturally did a great deal toward making the district debatable ground. There are nearly 400 Federal office holders in the district, and these have not been idle in spreading the discord, while the former Grosvenor newspapers in the district are constantly keeping his memory green and reminding the people of his career. In practically every county some Republicans have forced a Grosvenor resolution through a convention and his record for the pensioners is published everywhere.

In Athens County the Messenger, the leading Republican paper, has made several open challenges to Mr. Douglas, asking him to repudiate the Bryson crowd which made his nomination possible. Mr. Douglas has replied to some of these saying he owes no allegiance to Mr. Bryson, and that he would not accept another nomination from a delegation chosen by the present Central Committee, but the Messenger is not satisfied, and wants a primary at once.

As for Ross County, the home of Mr. Douglas, the prediction is freely made that he will lose the county. For five years he has the active head of a faction which is very unpopular, although the leaders are all practical politicians of the first class. These lieutenants of Mr. Douglas laugh at the idea of Mr. Douglas losing the county, and are confident that the district will be Republican. They say it may be close, but after the battle Mr. Douglas will be Congressman. So far the campaign in Ross County has been very quiet. The Purity Elections League is making a determined effort to stop hoodluming.

Must Stay Dry.

Washington C. H. must remain dry for the next two years. Such a decision was rendered by the supreme court Tuesday, in the case brought up in the case of the city of Washington C. H. against Geo. Jackson and others.

Some time ago the town went wet on the face of the returns, but upon the petition of Jackson and others 62 votes were thrown out by Probate Judge James L. Zimmerman, giving the drys the election by a majority of 14. The wetts carried the case up, claiming that they had a right to a trial by jury and that the probate court had no power to make an arbitrary subtraction from the vote so as to give the advantage to the drys. This action of the court was taken upon the ground that the votes were illegal.

By this decision of the supreme court the power of a probate judge to decide election contests under the local option law is upheld. Therefore, the decision is of interest in every county of the state.

Death of the Infant Son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Westenhaver.

(Nelsonville Register.)

William Phelps, the eleven months' old, and only son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Westenhaver of Lubrig, died at the home of Mrs. Westenhaver's sister, Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Preston in this city, last Wednesday, Oct. 3rd, at about 10 o'clock. Funeral services were held at the residence Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, conducted by Rev. C. J. Foreyth. Interment

was made in Green Lawn cemetery. Phelps had not been well for more than two months. The last week of August he took sick at their home in Lubrig, Mrs. Westenhaver took him to Logan to the home of Mr. Westenhaver's parents where he grew worse, and the first week in September they brought him to this city; for several weeks he seemed to be growing worse rather than better, but finally a change for the better came and the parents were very much rejoiced, thinking he would fully recover. He took sick again on Tuesday, Oct. 1st and lived until Wednesday night.

His fever had gone to his brain, causing meningitis of the brain and his little body was too weak from his recent sickness to withstand the fever and he passed sweetly away to the great beyond, where he will be free from the cares of this world.

Mr. and Mrs. Westenhaver have the sympathy of the entire community in the loss of their little babe.

A Card.

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Honey and Tar fails to cure your cough or cold. It stops the cough, heals the lungs and prevents serious results from a cold. Cures the grippe cough and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains no opiates. The genuine is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. Bort & Co.

Hard Luck, Old Man.

M. H. Jenkinson, who is laid up with a broken knee cap, is not covering as rapidly as he had hoped. When he first attempted to go on crutches last week he discovered that he had lost all power of propelling the injured leg, probably the result of inaction and he is now awaiting the development of sufficient muscle to operate the member. He can only move about on crutches when someone goes along and carries the crippled leg. He has now been laid up fifty-one days.—Pomeroy Democrat.

NOTICE

To Delinquent Hocking Sentinel Subscribers.

Logan O., Oct. 15, 1906.

We have waited for over six months, since retiring from the Hocking Sentinel, for delinquent subscribers to pay what they owe us. We have sent accounts repeatedly, and no attention was given.

If the accounts are not paid within the next ten days, they will be placed with a justice or the peace with orders to sue. The debts are truly due us, and we will compel settlement.

LEWIS GREEN,

The Hocking Sentinel Pub. Co.

Henry E. Jones, of Tampa, Fla., writes: "I can thank God for my present health, due to Foley's Kidney Cure. I tried doctors and all kinds of kidney cures, but nothing done me much good till I took Foley's Kidney Cure. Four bottles cured me, and I have no more pain in my back and shoulders. I am 62 years old, and suffered long, but thanks to Foley's Kidney Cure I am well and can walk and enjoy myself. It is a pleasure to recommend it to those needing a kidney medicine." Bort & Co.

BRYAN

IN OHIO.

Mr. Bryan's visit to Ohio is definitely arranged. He will have something to say, too. The Republican platform is a gem of inconsistency. For instance, it warmly approves President Roosevelt's course on the railroad rate bill and just as warmly commends Senator Foraker's vote against it. It also indorses Senator Dick's vote for the bill. It further endorses the president's insistent advocacy of the Philippine tariff and approves Senator Dick's vote against it. It commends the president for forcing the enactment of a pure food law and also without reserve endorses Mr. Dick and Mr. Foraker for their subtle and underhand work against it.

Oh, Inconsistency!

(Pomeroy Democrat.)

It is a part of the political history of the Eleventh Congressional District of Ohio, that the nomination of the Hon. Albert Douglas was secured by the most glaring act of boss rule that ever disgraced politics. In fact the methods of Bryson, Foster and Sayre, the Athens triumvirate, of John B. Lindsey of Meigs, seem to have been so infernally dishonorable and unfair that the Hon. Albert, with an ingratitude seldom witnessed and with egotism unparalleled, has felt called upon to declare in public print that he repudiates Bryson and White and in private has declared that John B. Lindsey is an awful load for him to carry. But the Hon. Albert evidently feels that the odium surrounding his nomination is so great that it requires more than a repudiation of the men who nominated him, to make him appear politically clean. He avails himself of the opportunity offered as a member of the resolutions committee, at Dayton, to father a plank in that platform, which reads as follows:

"We glory in genuine leadership, but we declare our hostility to all attempts to trammel or control the free action and free will of the people, either upon measures or candidates, by individuals, and we hereby instruct the state central committee, in making a call for its next state convention, to give notice that delegates must be chosen in properly called delegate convention or amply advertised primaries, to secure admission to the convention."

Did he have visions of the high-handed methods of Bryson, Foster and Sayre, of Athens, who absolutely refused to submit the choice of delegates to the convention that nominated him, at Lancaster, to a primary?

If Albert Douglas is sincere in his utterances, as set forth in the plank quoted above, and which he seems anxious to his father; if he is sincere in his ungrateful repudiation of the men and their methods, who nominated him, why does he not resign from the ticket? Does he consider it honorable to accept the fruits of political chicanery and by loud mouthings against those who handed him the tainted nomination, to endeavor to have the voter to look upon him as politically clean? It is a clear case of co-conspirator turning state's evidence.

Mr. Douglas's act in repudiating the methods by which he was nominated and accepting the nomination is detestable and his action deserves condemnation by every voter.

Advice to Housewives.

No home is so pleasant, regardless of the comforts that money will buy, as when the entire family is in perfect health. A bottle of Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup costs 50 cents. It will cure every member of the family of constipation, sick headache or stomach trouble. Bort & Co.

Has Arrived in Japan.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Rochester of the Normandie, have received a letter from their son Boyd, now on his way to the Philippines to engage in his profession as a physician, announcing his arrival in Japan and that he is enjoying his trip.

Dr. Rochester left Columbus some time ago and was in the wreck of the steamship Manchuria.

Why Refer to Doctors

Because we make medicines for them. We give them the formula for Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and they prescribe it for coughs, colds, bronchitis, consumption. They trust it. Then you can afford to trust it. Sold for over 60 years.

"Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is a remedy that should be in every home. I have used it a great deal of it for hard coughs and colds, and I know what a splendid medicine it is. I can't recommend it too highly."—BART Z. GOSWICK, Myra Park, Mass.

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufactured by SARGENT & WELCH, Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Pills greatly aid the Cherry Pectoral in breaking up a cold.



DRAKE DECREE STOPS PROBING

Syllabus Shows Why Supreme Court Reached Its Conclusion.

FULL REPORT WILL BE MADE

Speaker Thompson Says the Matter Will Come Up at Next Session of the Legislature and That a New Committee Will Be Created Under a Joint Resolution.

Columbus, O., Oct. 17.—Until the report of the court's conclusions in the case of the Drake investigating commission is issued, for the case is to be reported, the public must look to the syllabus to find an index to the court's reasons for declaring that the investigating committee created by the state senate acted without due authority in its probing of Cincinnati.

The court's syllabus says: "The whole legislative power of this state having been conferred by the constitution upon the general assembly as a unit and not upon the senate or house of representatives acting separately, a single branch of the general assembly so acting has no power of independent legislation, except as expressly granted in the constitution or as necessarily implied in the express grants. Sections 50 to 55, inclusive, of the Revised Statutes were not intended by the general assembly to authorize either branch thereof to appoint committees, but were designed to prescribe the procedure for committees which may have been constitutionally and regularly appointed. The constitution of this state contains no express grant of power to either branch of the general assembly to appoint a select investigating committee for general legislative purposes, and such power is not necessarily implied from the express grants to each house. Demurrer sustained and petition dismissed. Shauk, C. J., Price and Sumner, J. J., concur."

The proceeding on which the supreme court's decision was given was brought by the Robertson Realty company of Cincinnati against State Auditor W. D. Gulliver, to compel him to issue his warrant on the state treasury in payment of rent for rooms occupied by the committee in its work in Cincinnati. Judge Smith of the Hamilton county common pleas court had held that the committee was without power and under this decision the state auditor was unwilling to permit state funds to be used by the committee. This test case was agreed upon, but it brought up only the question of whether the committee had the power to expend state money given by the resolution under which it was appointed. But the supreme court's decision settles the whole matter. The Drake investigating committee is held to be without power or authority.

The Drake commission investigation brought out the personal collection by county treasurers of interest on public funds deposited in banks. Because of the criticism aroused, half a dozen former treasurers paid voluntarily into the county treasury a total of \$214,000, which they estimated they had thus received. Other matters brought out affected the sale of turnpike roads to the county, in which large commissions were paid for disposing of the roads. The case which was carried to the supreme court was a dispute over rentals, but it followed favorable action on the refusal of Cashier Davis of the First National bank to disclose what he considered to be the confidential business matters of depositors. His arrest and removal from the city followed at once by his release on a writ of habeas corpus served in a Springfield hotel at 3 o'clock in the morning, were sensational incidents in the investigation.

Speaker Thompson's Comment. Columbus, O., Oct. 17.—Carmel A. Thompson, speaker of the house, stated that he had no comment to make on the decision of the supreme court.

Death of Noted Dwarf. Ashland, O., Oct. 17.—Luther Means, 56, the smallest man in Ashland county, if not in Ohio, died at his home north of Ashland. He was 50 inches in height. His body was like that of an ordinary man and his head abnormally large, but his legs were short and very slender. Eight years ago Means married Miss Loella Mansfield of Burlington, Lawrence county, O. Mrs. Means is 48 inches high.

Cities File Their Claims. Columbus, O., Oct. 17.—Delegations from 12 cities met the commission appointed to select a site for the proposed state hospital for crippled children and presented their claims. The cities represented were Marysville, Zanesville, Delaware, Chillicothe, Springfield, Hillsboro, Barnesville, Norwalk, West Liberty, Piqua, Greenville and Troy.

Caught by Avalanche. Canton, O., Oct. 17.—Three children, aged 3, 4 and 7 years respectively, were snatched to death in a gravel pit here. They were Casper and Sylvia Kittle and Dorko Rice. As the children failed to return home at supper time a search was made and their bodies were found in the pit, where they were playing. A landslide caught them.

Slater Will Appeal. Columbus, O., Oct. 17.—Mark Slater, former state printer, announced that he will appeal to the supreme court in his suit to oust J. W. Johnson, who was appointed to the office by the late Governor Pattison. The circuit court decided against Slater's contention that Johnson was illegally appointed and unlawfully usurped the office.

Footballist Fell Dead. Toledo, O., Oct. 17.—Lewis A. Grissler of Paulding, a senior at Ohio Wesleyan university at Delaware and right end on the varsity football team, fell dead on the field after running down a punt. Heart trouble was the cause.

The Reiver Went Off. Upper Sandusky, O., Oct. 17.—While Charles Piel, at Forest, O., was loading a revolver it went off. The bullet passed through the arm of his mother, then penetrated the body of his infant sister. The child can not live.

BUCKEYE BRIEFS.

Giving Synopsis of Ohio Happenings Auto Hit a Pole.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 17.—An automobile, while running at a high rate of speed on Detroit avenue, struck a trolley pole in Lakewood, a suburb, and the gasoline tank exploded. Every one of the four occupants of the car was injured and two may die. The injured are: Miss Anna Schmitt, buried about the arms and body, right arm fractured; Miss Hulda Ackerman, burned about the legs and back, condition critical; Benjamin Camen, burned about the head and hands; George Hartman, right eye gouged out, skull fractured, condition critical. The car was valued at \$4,200 and was owned by M. J. Mandelbaum, the traction owner and banker.

Suspect a Suicide Pact. Dechler, O., Oct. 17.—The prosecuting attorney requested the parents of Miss Jennie Decker, who committed suicide, to have the body exhumed and a post-mortem examination held. Orson Broke, the girl's lover, is now under arrest on the charge of murder, it being alleged that he bought the poison with which the girl ended her life. The county officials hope to prove that Broke entered a suicide pact with the girl, because his parents objected to his marriage, but that he never intended to carry out his part.

Hospital Reorganization. Columbus, O., Oct. 17.—Governor Harris told trustees of the Athens state hospital who called on him that they will be held accountable for everything at the institution, and turned over to them all the applications in his hands for positions at the institution. The trustees organized by electing C. R. Fisher of Wilmington chairman and Roscoe J. Mauck of Gallopis secretary. It is probable that Dr. Milo Wilson, the present superintendent of the hospital, will be retained.

Caster's Doom Sealed. Columbus, O., Oct. 17.—Fred Caster, murderer of Officer Dan Davis, the Columbus policeman, must die in the electric chair. The supreme court returned a straight affirmation of the condemned man's conviction by the lower courts and refused him a new trial after considering the case on its merits. The supreme court will pick a new date for the execution in a few days, and this will probably be about the middle of November.

GOING TO PRISON.

Senator Burton Will Serve Sentence Since Rehearing Refused.

Topeka, Kan., Oct. 16.—Senator Burton notified his attorneys to arrange for the beginning of his term of imprisonment as soon as possible. Senator Burton's case has been in the courts ever since 1903, when he was indicted in St. Louis on the charge of accepting a fee for representing the Rialto Grain company of that city in an effort to defraud it from the use of the United States mails. He was found guilty and sentenced to serve six months in jail and pay a fine of \$2,500. On appeal to the supreme court the decision was reversed on a technicality and a second trial was ordered. The second verdict was identical with the first, and it was affirmed by the supreme court. This affirmation was announced just before the close of the term in May. The motion for rehearing was then filed. It was claimed in Burton's behalf that the court did not have the real facts before it in considering the case.

Sentence Will Stand. Washington, Oct. 16.—The supreme court of the United States denied the petition of former United States Senator Burton of Kansas for a rehearing in the case in which he is under sentence of imprisonment and fine on the charge of accepting an attorney's fee in a case in which the government was interested, while he was serving as senator. The effect of the decision will be the immediate imprisonment of Burton unless his attorneys devise some other means of postponing the execution of the sentence. There was no formal announcement of the decision in open court, the chief justice merely handing a brief memorandum to the clerk of the court.

JOHN BULL'S WAR SCANDAL

War Office Gave General Lyttelton Complete Exoneration.

LIMIT TO HUMAN POSSIBILITY

Some Minor Officers Censured. Others Exonerated and Restored to Service. Outcome of Charge That British Army Officers Grafted Millions in Stores For South Africa.

London, Oct. 16.—John Bull's war scandals in South Africa finally reached final disposition by the war office, with a finding which completely exonerates General Sir Neville Gerard Lyttelton, chief of the general staff and first military member of the army council.

The war stores scandals were the subject of an attack by the opposition on the Balfour ministry in June, 1905, which resulted in the appointment of a royal commission to inquire into them. It was alleged that officers of the British army during the South African war worked in collusion with contractors, enabling a loss to the government of \$5,000,000.

A note appended to the decisions states that in all the cases full allowance has been made for defects in the supply system as well as for the effects on the men of the long and severe strain of active service.

The secretary of war, Haldane, and the army council arrived at the conclusion that it was beyond human possibility for General Lyttelton to supervise the system of supply while his whole energies were being devoted to commanding the troops. Several officers are censured and others retired with and without the pay allowed retired officers. Many others are exonerated and restored to service.

UNITED STATES TUG

Not Permitted by Newfoundland to Take on Stores.

St. Johns, Oct. 16.—The colonial ministry refused the United States naval tug Potomac, which is at Bay of Islands, free entry for stores, in spite of the fact that this concession is accorded French warships in these waters. The Potomac has on board A. B. Alexander, chief of the division of statistics and methods of bureau of fisheries for the department of commerce and labor, who is studying the Newfoundland fisheries dispute. The colonial cruiser Plover reached Bay of Islands and reports the presence there of four United States and three Canadian vessels. The British cruiser Brilliant will sail for Bay of Islands and remain until the new year. She has on board 50 colonial reserves for training purposes.

Rev. Sam Jones Dead.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 16.—Sam Jones, the noted evangelist, dropped dead in an Oklahoma, Choctaw & Gulf train near Little Rock. Mr. Jones' home is at Cartersville, Ga., about 50 miles from Atlanta. The evangelist was holding revival services in the tabernacle in Oklahoma City for two weeks. He was to have addressed audiences Sunday, but it developed early in the day that he had disappeared. Although vigorous search was made for him, nothing was learned as to the whereabouts of the evangelist until news was received of his death on a train near Little Rock. His wife and two daughters were with him. He was 59 years old.

College Donation.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 16.—John A. Creighton, one of the founders of Creighton university, deceased to that institution two buildings in the whole sale district worth about \$300,000. They are leased for a long term of years and will pay the university about 5 per cent net on the above valuation. This gift was made in commemoration of Creighton's seventy-fifth birthday, which was celebrated at the family home.